

**Women/Maternal Health**

State Action Plan Table (Wyoming) - Women/Maternal Health - Entry 1	
Priority Need	
Prevent Infant Mortality	
NPM	
NPM 2 - Percent of cesarean deliveries among low-risk first births	
Objectives	
Reduce the number of cesarean deliveries among low-risk first births	
Strategies	
Support quality improvement efforts to identify areas of improvement for hospitals to decrease % low-risk cesarean births	
NOMs	
NOM 2 - Rate of severe maternal morbidity per 10,000 delivery hospitalizations	
NOM 3 - Maternal mortality rate per 100,000 live births	

State Action Plan Table (Wyoming) - Women/Maternal Health - Entry 2

Priority Need

Improve access to and promote use of effective family planning

Objectives

Increase access to provide immediate postpartum long acting reversible contraceptives (LARCs) in hospitals as measured by the # of Wyoming birthing hospitals billing Medicaid for IPP LARC.

Strategies

Apply to participate in learning collaborative on LARC

Work with Medicaid and private payers to increase education on coverage and reimbursement for immediate postpartum LARCs

Develop IPP LARC toolkit and work with the Wyoming Hospital Association (WHA) for distribution.

Develop and disseminate consumer education on contraception options

Develop and implement provider education on contraceptive counseling

Develop and implement an environmental scan and needs assessment regarding general LARC implementation in federally qualified health centers (FQHC), Indian Health Services (IHS) clinics, Title X clinics and rural health center (RHC) settings.

## Perinatal/Infant Health

### State Action Plan Table (Wyoming) - Perinatal/Infant Health - Entry 1

#### Priority Need

Improve breastfeeding duration

#### NPM

NPM 4 - A) Percent of infants who are ever breastfed and B) Percent of infants breastfed exclusively through 6 months

#### Objectives

To increase the proportion of infants who are breastfed and who are breastfed at six months

#### Strategies

Complete environmental scan of available state and local level breastfeeding support resources

Develop and disseminate a resource directory of local lactation support services

Develop and release annual Wyoming 5-Steps to Breastfeeding Success mini-grant application

Work with WHA and the WDH Public Information Office to develop and implement hospital recognition program based on the Wyoming 5-Steps to Breastfeeding Success

#### NOMs

NOM 9.3 - Post neonatal mortality rate per 1,000 live births

NOM 9.5 - Sleep-related Sudden Unexpected Infant Death (SUID) rate per 100,000 live births

State Action Plan Table (Wyoming) - Perinatal/Infant Health - Entry 2

Priority Need

Prevent Infant Mortality

Objectives

To ensure that higher risk mothers and newborns deliver at appropriate level hospitals.

Strategies

Use LOCATe results to inform quality of improvement for identified hospitals, focusing on all levels. Continue to offer pregnancy-focused risk appropriate care ECHO opportunities through an ongoing collaboration with the Utah Department of Health.

Develop and disseminate facility-specific and statewide reports on hospital levels of care based on LOCATe results.

Build capacity for development of a perinatal quality collaborative (PQC)

Develop standard process for delivering appropriate perinatal care, including the use of an evidence-based perinatal risk screening tool

## Child Health

### State Action Plan Table (Wyoming) - Child Health - Entry 1

#### Priority Need

Reduce and prevent childhood obesity

#### NPM

NPM 8 - Percent of children ages 6 through 11 and adolescents 12 through 17 who are physically active at least 60 minutes per day

#### Objectives

To increase the number of children and adolescents who are physically active

#### Strategies

Support development of a cross agency children's physical activity workgroup, with a focus on improving physical activity, nutrition, and overall child health.

#### NOMs

NOM 19 - Percent of children in excellent or very good health

NOM 20 - Percent of children and adolescents who are overweight or obese (BMI at or above the 85th percentile)

State Action Plan Table (Wyoming) - Child Health - Entry 2

Priority Need

Promote preventive and quality care for children and adolescents

NPM

NPM 6 - Percent of children, ages 10 through 71 months, receiving a developmental screening using a parent-completed screening tool

Objectives

Increase the number of children who receive a developmental screening

Strategies

Support HMG activities to increase access to developmental screening tools for families.

Collaborate with Wyoming Medicaid to educate providers about the Bright Futures guidelines (4th ed.) as part of efforts to improve access to and quality of EPSDT/well-visits.

Build capacity to track and monitor ASQ screenings statewide via the ASQ Enterprise System.

NOMs

NOM 13 - Percent of children meeting the criteria developed for school readiness (DEVELOPMENTAL)

NOM 19 - Percent of children in excellent or very good health

State Action Plan Table (Wyoming) - Child Health - Entry 3

Priority Need

Prevent injury in children

Objectives

To decrease the number of hospital admissions for non-fatal injury among children ages 0 through 19

Strategies

Provide SKW with targeted evidence-based strategies to address the three major causes of injury/hospitalizations in Wyoming. Require and monitor use of evidence-based strategies as part of contract with SKW.

## Adolescent Health

### State Action Plan Table (Wyoming) - Adolescent Health - Entry 1

#### Priority Need

Promote preventive and quality care for children and adolescents

#### NPM

NPM 10 - Percent of adolescents, ages 12 through 17, with a preventive medical visit in the past year.

#### Objectives

Increase the number of adolescents with a preventive medical visit in the past year.

#### Strategies

Promote the Adolescent Champion Model through mini-grants to health care providers.

Develop a Project ECHO series about adolescent health for providers statewide.

#### NOMs

NOM 16.1 - Adolescent mortality rate ages 10 through 19 per 100,000

NOM 16.2 - Adolescent motor vehicle mortality rate, ages 15 through 19 per 100,000

NOM 16.3 - Adolescent suicide rate, ages 15 through 19 per 100,000

NOM 18 - Percent of children with a mental/behavioral condition who receive treatment or counseling

NOM 19 - Percent of children in excellent or very good health

NOM 20 - Percent of children and adolescents who are overweight or obese (BMI at or above the 85th percentile)

NOM 22.2 - Percent of children 6 months through 17 years who are vaccinated annually against seasonal influenza

NOM 22.3 - Percent of adolescents, ages 13 through 17, who have received at least one dose of the HPV vaccine

NOM 22.4 - Percent of adolescents, ages 13 through 17, who have received at least one dose of the Tdap vaccine

NOM 22.5 - Percent of adolescents, ages 13 through 17, who have received at least one dose of the meningococcal conjugate vaccine



State Action Plan Table (Wyoming) - Adolescent Health - Entry 2

Priority Need

Promote healthy and safe relationships in adolescents

Objectives

Increase the number of teens reporting 0 occasions of alcohol use in the past 30 days

Strategies

Implement Communities That Care Program in select Wyoming communities

## Children with Special Health Care Needs

### State Action Plan Table (Wyoming) - Children with Special Health Care Needs - Entry 1

#### Priority Need

Promote preventive and quality care for children and adolescents

#### NPM

NPM 11 - Percent of children with and without special health care needs having a medical home

#### Objectives

Increase number of children with and without special health care needs having a medical home

#### Strategies

Support medical practices with technical assistance to develop and implement Family Engagement policies

Conduct outreach to Parent Leadership Training Institute (PLTI) enrollees and graduates regarding availability and benefits of the medical home

Continue to contract with the Wyoming Parent Partner Program (PPP) to provide care coordination to families of CYSHCN within the medical home

#### NOMs

NOM 17.2 - Percent of children with special health care needs (CSHCN) receiving care in a well-functioning system

NOM 19 - Percent of children in excellent or very good health

NOM 22.1 - Percent of children ages 19 through 35 months, who completed the combined 7-vaccine series (4:3:1:3\*:3:1:4)

NOM 22.2 - Percent of children 6 months through 17 years who are vaccinated annually against seasonal influenza

NOM 22.3 - Percent of adolescents, ages 13 through 17, who have received at least one dose of the HPV vaccine

NOM 22.4 - Percent of adolescents, ages 13 through 17, who have received at least one dose of the Tdap vaccine

NOM 22.5 - Percent of adolescents, ages 13 through 17, who have received at least one dose of the meningococcal conjugate vaccine

State Action Plan Table (Wyoming) - Children with Special Health Care Needs - Entry 2

Priority Need

Promote preventive and quality care for children and adolescents

NPM

NPM 12 - Percent of adolescents with and without special health care needs who received services necessary to make transitions to adult health care

Objectives

Increase percent of children with and without special health care needs who received services necessary to make transitions to adult health care

Strategies

Develop a state-level adolescent provider team.

Review 'Got Transition' materials and develop and implement distribution plan for selected materials (e.g. distribute materials to families of youth with special health care needs served through the CSH Program).

Establish transition workgroup (action team) as part of the Well-visit/EPSTD team (i.e. AYAH CoIN Team).

NOMs

NOM 17.2 - Percent of children with special health care needs (CSHCN) receiving care in a well-functioning system

NOM 19 - Percent of children in excellent or very good health

## Cross-Cutting/Life Course

### State Action Plan Table (Wyoming) - Cross-Cutting/Life Course - Entry 1

#### Priority Need

Prevent Infant Mortality

#### NPM

NPM 14 - A) Percent of women who smoke during pregnancy and B) Percent of children who live in households where someone smokes

#### Objectives

Decrease number of women who smoke during pregnancy We will focus heavily on NPM 14a for this priority.

#### Strategies

Work with WDH Tobacco Program and the WY Quitline to inform development of pregnancy and American Indian-focused Quitline media materials

Work with tribal tobacco program to build capacity to implement strategies for smoking cessation during pregnancy

Pilot Smoking Cessation and Reduction in Pregnancy (SCRIPT) in selected PHN offices.

#### NOMs

NOM 2 - Rate of severe maternal morbidity per 10,000 delivery hospitalizations

NOM 3 - Maternal mortality rate per 100,000 live births

NOM 4.1 - Percent of low birth weight deliveries (<2,500 grams)

NOM 4.2 - Percent of very low birth weight deliveries (<1,500 grams)

NOM 4.3 - Percent of moderately low birth weight deliveries (1,500-2,499 grams)

NOM 5.1 - Percent of preterm births (<37 weeks)

NOM 5.2 - Percent of early preterm births (<34 weeks)

NOM 5.3 - Percent of late preterm births (34-36 weeks)

NOM 6 - Percent of early term births (37, 38 weeks)

NOM 8 - Perinatal mortality rate per 1,000 live births plus fetal deaths

NOM 9.1 - Infant mortality rate per 1,000 live births

NOM 9.2 - Neonatal mortality rate per 1,000 live births

NOM 9.3 - Post neonatal mortality rate per 1,000 live births

NOM 9.4 - Preterm-related mortality rate per 100,000 live births

NOM 9.5 - Sleep-related Sudden Unexpected Infant Death (SUID) rate per 100,000 live births

NOM 19 - Percent of children in excellent or very good health